

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): (日期):2015-10-26

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : GF $50V22\mu F(\phi 5x11)$

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

| SUPPLIER | | | | | | | |
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| PREPARED (拟定) | CHECKED (审核) | | | | | | |
| 许木兰 | 王国华 | | | | | | |

| CUS | CUSTOMER | | | | | | |
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ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION GF SERIES

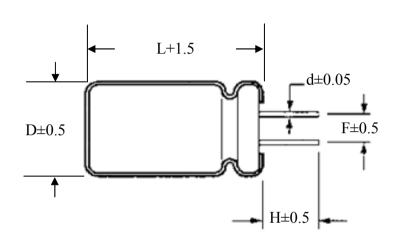
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Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics



Unit: mm

| Shape Code | D | 5 |
|------------|---|-----|
| Shape Code | L | 11 |
| | F | 2.0 |
| CB Type | Н | 3.5 |
| | d | 0.5 |

| N o. | SAMXON Part No. | WV (Vdc) | Cap. (μF) | Cap. tolerance | Temp. range($^{\circ}$ C) | tanδ (120Hz, 20℃) | Leakage Current (uA,2min) | Max Ripple Current at 105°C 100kHz (mA rms) | Impedance at 20°C 100kHz (Ωmax) | Load lifeti me (Hrs) | | ension (mm) | фd | Sleev |
|---------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|------|----------------|-----|-------|
| 1 | EGF226M1HD11CB**P | 50 | 22 | -20%~+20% | -40~105 | 0.10 | 11 | 180 | 0.700 | 2000 | 5X11 | 2.0 | 0.5 | PET |

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

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12~15

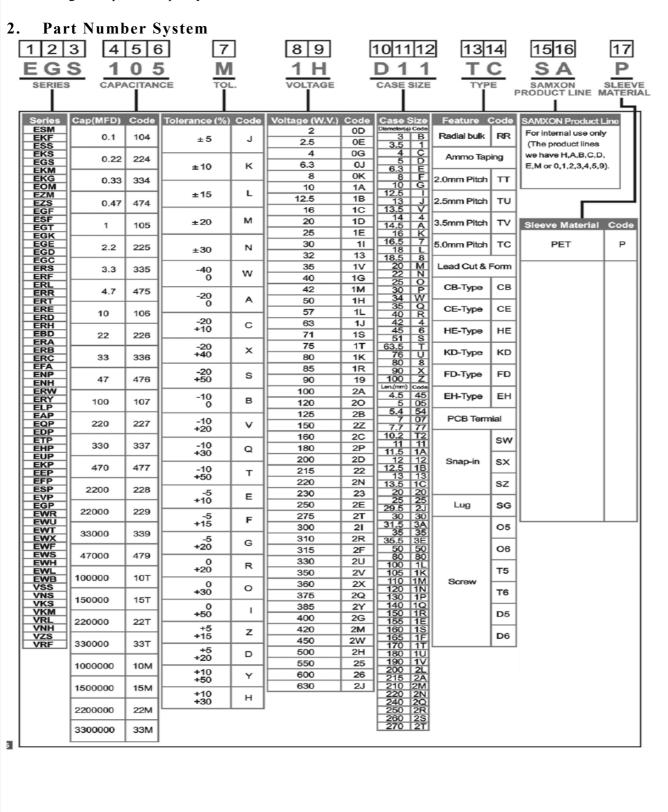
CONTENTS Sheet 4 1. Application 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 $\tan \delta$ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')"

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1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.



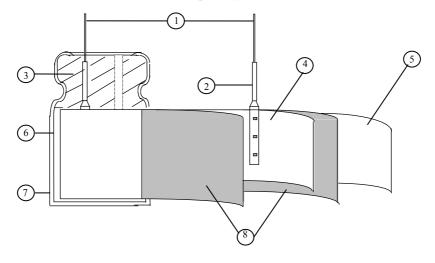
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3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



| | Component | Material |
|---|------------------|--|
| 1 | Lead line | Tinned CP wire (Pb Free) |
| 2 | Terminal | Aluminum wire |
| 3 | Sealing Material | Rubber |
| 4 | Al-Foil (+) | Formed aluminum foil |
| 5 | Al-Foil (-) | Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil |
| 6 | Case | Aluminum case |
| 7 | Sleeve | PET |
| 8 | Separator | Electrolyte paper |

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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| Rated voltage (WV) Surge tage (SV) Cominal pacitance plerance) | Connecting to minutes, and <criteria></criteria> | requence oltage rempera in the sp the capa | ture : | 220 270 270 120Hz Not m 20±2 capaci | 250 300 ±12H: ore tha °C | n 0.5Vr | | 50 63 420 470 | 63 79 450 500 | 100 |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Surge tage (SV) fominal pacitance plerance) | WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC) Condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T Criteria> Shall be with Condition> Connecting to minutes, and Criteria> | 160 200 Trequence oltage Tempera | 200 250 ey : 1 ::ture :: | 220 270 270 120Hz Not m 20±2 capaci | 250 300 ±12H: ore tha °C | 350 400 z n 0.5Vr | 400 450 ms | 420 | 450 | 125 |
| fominal pacitance plerance) | <pre>SV (V.DC) </pre> <pre> <condition> Measuring F Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with <condition> Connecting to minutes, and <criteria> </criteria></condition></criteria></condition></pre> | 200 requence oltage remperation the specific capathen, m | 250 ey : 1 ture : 2 pecified | 270 120Hz Not m 20±2 capaci | ±12H; ore tha °C | 400 z n 0.5Vr | 450 ms | | | |
| fominal pacitance plerance) | <pre>SV (V.DC) </pre> <pre> <condition> Measuring F Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with <condition> Connecting to minutes, and <criteria> </criteria></condition></criteria></condition></pre> | 200 requence oltage remperation the specific capathen, m | 250 ey : 1 ture : 2 pecified | 270 120Hz Not m 20±2 capaci | ±12H; ore tha °C | 400 z n 0.5Vr | 450 ms | | | |
| pacitance plerance) | Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with Connecting to minutes, and <criteria></criteria></criteria> | requence oltage rempera in the sp the capa | ture : | Not m 20±2 capaci | ore tha ℃ itance t | n 0.5Vr | | | | |
| _ | Connecting to minutes, and <criteria></criteria> | the capa then, m | | - | | | | | | |
| | | Condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k\Omega \pm 10\Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. Criteria> Refer to Table 1 | | | | | | | | |
| tan δ | <condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> Refer to Table 1</criteria></condition> | | | | | | | | | |
| | Tensile Str Fixed the o seconds. Bending St Fixed the ca 90° within a seconds. | ength of capacitor rength of apacitor 2~3 second | or, applied of Termin , applied onds, an | ed force nals. I force id then | to bent | t the tern t for 90 | minal (1 | ~4 mm original | from the position | rubber) f |
| erminal trength | | | | | (kg | gf) | | (k | kgf) | |
| | | | | | | | | | ` ′ | |
| e | rminal | Condition> Tensile Str Fixed the consecution | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Fixed the capacitor seconds. Bending Strength of Fixed the capacitor 90° within 2~3 seconds. Diameter of le 0.5mm and Over 0.5mm to Criteria> | Condition> Tensile Strength of Termir Fixed the capacitor, applies seconds. Bending Strength of Termir Fixed the capacitor, applied 90° within 2~3 seconds, and seconds. Diameter of lead wire 0.5mm and less Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm Criteria> | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then seconds. Diameter of lead wire 0.5mm and less Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bene 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent is seconds. Diameter of lead wire 0.5mm and less Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm 10 (Criteria> | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the termin seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the term 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° seconds. Diameter of lead wire O.5mm and less Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm Criteria> Criteria> | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the terminal in 1 seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the terminal (1 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° to its of seconds. Diameter of lead wire Diameter of lead wire O.5mm and less Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm 10 (1.0) Criteria> | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the terminal in lead out seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the terminal (1~4 mm 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° to its original seconds. Diameter of lead wire Tensile force N (kgf) 0.5mm and less 5 (0.51) 2.5 (Criteria> Criteria> | Refer to Table 1 Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the terminal in lead out direction seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the terminal (1~4 mm from the 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° to its original position seconds. Diameter of lead wire Tensile force N (kgf) 0.5 mm and less 5 (0.51) 2.5 (0.25) Over 0.5 mm to 0.8 mm 10 (1.0) 5 (0.51) |

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| | | <condition> STEP</condition> | Testi | ng Temne | erature(°C) | rature(°C) Time | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | 1 | 1 0501 | $\frac{20\pm 2}{20}$ | | Time to reach thermal equilibrium | | | | |
| | | 2 | | -40(-25) | | | to reach | | | |
| | | 3 | | $\frac{10(23)}{20\pm 2}$ | | _ | to reach | | _ | |
| | | 4 | | $\frac{20\pm 2}{105\pm}$ | | _ | | | • | |
| | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| | | | | 20 1 2 | | 1 IIIIC | to reacii | uiciiiai (| .quiiioiii | 1111 |
| 4.6 | | a. $tan \delta shall b$ | | | | 4.4The le | eakage cu | irrent me | easured s | hall not |
| | Temperature | | | - | | it of Iter | n 4 4The | leakage | current | shall no |
| | | _ | | | | 01 1001 | | reunuge | Carrone | 011411 110 |
| | | | - | | (z) ratio s | hall not | exceed th | e value | of the fol | lowing |
| Temperature characteristi cs 4.6 Temperature characteristi cs Temperature characteristi cs 4.6 Temperature characteristi cs 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Working Voltag | ge (V) | 6.3 | 10 | 16 | 25 | 35 | 50 | 63 |
| | | | | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | | Z-40°C/Z+20 |)°C | 8 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | _ | _ | |
| | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| | | For capacitance value $> 1000 \mu$ F, Add 0.5 per another 1000μ F for Z-25/Z+20°0 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 of capacitance | value | > 1000 μ | | - | | | | |
| | | - | | | Add 1.0 | per anot | her 1000 | μF for | | |
| | | Capacitance, tan | nδ, and | d impedar | Add 1.0 nce shall be | per anot | ther 1000 ed at 120 | μF for . Hz. | Z-40°C/Z | Z+20°C. |
| | | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE</condition> | 1^{δ} , and 0^{δ} | d impedar 34-4No.4. | Add 1.0 nce shall be | per anote measures, The ca | ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is | μ F for a Hz. | Z-40°C/Z | Z+20°C. |
| | | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with</condition> | n δ , and EC6038 n DC bi | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the r | per anote measures, The ca | ther 1000 ed at 120 pacitor is le current | μ F for a Hz. s stored a t for Tab | Z-40°C/Z at a tempe ble 1. (Tl | z+20°C |
| | | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple</condition> | n δ, and EC6038 n DC bi | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage sh | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the rehall not ex | per anote measures, The cated ripp | pacitor is le current | F for A Hz. S stored a t for Tab | Z-40°C/Z | erature the sum of |
| | | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should</condition> | EC6038 DC bit peak years | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours rec | per anote measures, The cated ripp | pacitor is le current | F for A Hz. S stored a t for Tab | Z-40°C/Z | erature of the sum of Then the |
| 4.5 | Load | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m</condition> | EC6038 DC bit peak years | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours rec | per anote measures, The cated ripp | pacitor is le current | F for A Hz. S stored a t for Tab | Z-40°C/Z | erature of the sum of then the |
| 4.7 | life | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria></criteria></condition> | EC6038 a DC bi peak be tested | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the rehall not ex 6 hours recg table: | per anote measures, The cated ripp acceed the overing | pacitor is le current e rated whime at at | F for A Hz. S stored a t for Tab | Z-40°C/Z | erature of the sum of Then the |
| | | Capacitance, tan Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris | EC6038 DC bi peak y be testo eet the | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the re shall not ex 6 hours receptable: | per anote measures, The cated ripp acced the overing | pacitor is le current e rated writine at at ments. | μ F for μ Hz. s stored a t for Tab rorking v mospher | Z-40°C/Z | erature of the sum of Then the |
| | life | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage</criteria></condition> | EC6038 DC bi peak vibe testueet the | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Il meet the | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours rece table: e following Value in a | per anote measures, The carted ripp acceed the overing grequire 4.3 shall | pacitor is le current e rated writine at at ments. | μ F for μ Hz. s stored a t for Tab corking w mospher | Z-40°C/Z | erature of the sum of then the |
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| 4.7 | life | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tan δ</criteria></condition> | EC6038 DC bi peak y be testueet the stic sha curren | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Il meet the | Add 1.0 nee shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours rece table: e following Value in E Within ± Not more | s, The canated ripper acceed the overing require 4.3 shall 1.25% of than 200 | pacitor is le current e rated writine at at ments. be satisficinitial various of the | F for APIC F | Z-40°C/Z at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condite to condite to deduce the volume. | erature of the sum of Then the |
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| 4.7 | life | Capacitance, tan Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tan δ Appeara | EC6038 DC bi peak y be teste eet the stic sha curren ance Ch | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours rece table: e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall | per anote measures, The caracted ripp acceed the overing grequire 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no | pacitor is le current e rated writine at at ments. be satisficinitial various of the leakage of | F for APIC Section 19 | z-40°C/z at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condite to the condite | erature of the sum of Then the ions. The |
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| 4.7 | life | Capacitance, tan Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tan δ Appeara | EC6038 DC bi peak y be testueet the stic sha curren ance Ch | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the thange stored will lowing this | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the restall not ex 6 hours receptable: e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall no volta is period the | s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing grequire 4.3 shall 25% of than 200 all be no | pacitor is le current e rated whime at at ments. be satisfi initial various of the leakage of the data tertors shall | ed lue. especification mperatur be reme | at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic conditions and value. Sed value. Sed of 105 poved from | erature of the sum of Then the ions. The |
| 4.7 | life | Capacitance, tan <condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacita tan 8 Appeara <condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hou</condition></criteria></condition> | EC6038 DC bit peak to be testic share current ance Chance | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the thange stored willowing this yed to stal | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the restall not ex 6 hours receptable: e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall no voltatis period the bilized at 1 | per anote measures, The cated ripper ceed the overing stated 125% of than 200 all be no ge applied to capacitroom ten | pacitor is le current e rated whime at at ments. be satisficinitial various of the leakage of t | ed alue. especification for 4~8 | z-40°C/z at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic conditions and value. The voltage of 105 oved from hours. It | ±2°C for the text the |
| 4.7 | life test Shelf life | Capacitance, tan Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitat tan δ Appeara Condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hou chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m | EC6038 DC bi peak y be teste eet the stic sha curren ance Ch are then ars. Foll e allow cted to | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet that the mange stored will lowing this yed to stal a series | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable: e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall is period the bilized at a limiting receptable. | per anote measures, The careted ripper acceed the overing are the overing are the first than 200 and be no ge applied toom ten esistor(1kg). | ed at 120 pacitor is le current e rated writine at at at a term of the leakage of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to the tors shall appear to the tors sha | F for A-8 | z-40°C/z at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condite to c | erature of the sum of Then the ions. The heart the ions are the ions a |
| | life test Shelf | Capacitance, tan Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitatan δ Appeara Condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hou chamber and be shall be connected. | EC6038 DC bi peak y be teste eet the stic sha curren ance Ch are then ars. Foll e allow cted to | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet that the mange stored will lowing this yed to stal a series | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable: e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall is period the bilized at a limiting receptable. | per anote measures, The careted ripper acceed the overing are the overing are the first than 200 and be no ge applied toom ten esistor(1kg). | ed at 120 pacitor is le current e rated writine at at at a term of the leakage of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to the tors shall appear to the tors sha | F for A-8 | z-40°C/z at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condite to c | erature of the sum of Then the ions. The heart the desired to the ten wext the ten wext the desired to the ten wext the desired to the ten wext |
| | life test Shelf life | Capacitance, tan Condition> According to IE 105°C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m Criteria> The characteris Leakage Capacitat tan δ Appeara Condition> The capacitors a 1000+48/0 hou chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m | EC6038 DC bi peak y be teste eet the stic sha curren ance Ch are then ars. Foll e allow cted to | d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet that the mange stored will lowing this yed to stal a series | Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours receptable: e following Value in Within ± Not more There shall is period the bilized at a limiting receptable. | per anote measures, The careted ripper acceed the overing are the overing are the first than 200 and be no ge applied toom ten esistor(1kg). | ed at 120 pacitor is le current e rated writine at at at a term of the leakage of the leakage of the tors shall apperature to the tors shall appear to the tors sha | F for A-8 | z-40°C/z at a tempole 1. (The voltage) ic condite to c | erature of the sum of Then the ions. The heart the desired to the ten wext the ten wext the desired to the ten wext the desired to the ten wext |

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| ı | | | |
|------|-------------------|--|---|
| | | <criteria></criteria> | 1 0 11 |
| | | The characteristic shall meet t | |
| | Shelf | Leakage current | Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied |
| 4.8 | life | Capacitance Change | Within $\pm 25\%$ of initial value. |
| 4.0 | test | tan δ | Not more than 200% of the specified value. |
| | test | Appearance | There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. |
| | | | stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may |
| | | increase. Please apply voltage | e through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary. |
| | | <condition></condition> | |
| | | | e capacitor connected with a $(100\pm50)/C_R(k\Omega)$ resistor |
| | | | ted to 1000 cycles, each consisting of charge of 30 ± 5 s |
| | | followed discharge of 5 min 3 | |
| | | The test temperature shall be | |
| | | C _R : Nominal Capacitance () | 1 F) |
| 4.0 | Surge | <criteria></criteria> | N. d. d. 'C' 1 1 |
| 4.9 | test | Leakage current | Not more than the specified value. |
| | | Capacitance Change | Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value. |
| | | tan δ | Not more than the specified value. |
| | | Appearance | There shall be no leakage of electrolyte. |
| | | Attention: | |
| | | | ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such |
| | | over voltage as often applied. | • |
| | | perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency rate Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter g in place with a bracket. 4mm or less | : 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute reater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30° |
| 4.10 | Vibration test | | |
| | | <criteria> After the test, the following in</criteria> | To be soldered tems shall be tested: No intermittent contacts, open or short circuiting. |
| | | | No damage of tab terminals or electrodes. |
| | | | |
| | | | No mechanical damage in terminal. No leakage |
| | | Appearance | of electrolyte or swelling of the case. The markings shall be legible. |

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| | | <condition></condition> | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|---------|--|--|
| | | The capacitor shall be tes | ted under the following : 245±3°C | conditions: | | | |
| | | Soldering temperature | | | | | |
| | Coldorability | Dipping depth | : 2mm | | | | |
| 4.11 | Solderability test | Dipping speed | : 25±2.5mr | n/s | | | |
| | test | Dipping time <criteria></criteria> | : 3±0.5s | | | | |
| | | Coating quality | A minimu immersed | m of 95% of the surface bein | ng | | |
| | | <condition></condition> | | | | | |
| | | Terminals of the capacito | r shall be immersed in | to solder bath at $260\pm5^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ f | for10 | | |
| | | 1seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C for | or3 $^{+1}_{-0}$ seconds to 1.5~2. | Omm from the body of capac | citor . | | |
| | | | temperature and normal hur | | | | |
| Resistance to solder heat | | for 1~2 hours before mea | | • | , | | |
| | | <criteria></criteria> | | | | | |
| test | Leakage current | Not more than | the specified value. | | | | |
| | Capacitance Change | Within ±10% | of initial value. | | | | |
| | | tan δ | Not more than | the specified value. | | | |
| | | Appearance | There shall be | no leakage of electrolyte. | | | |
| | | <condition></condition> | | | | | |
| | | | rding to IEC60384-4No | o.4.7methods, capacitor shall | l be | | |
| | | placed in an oven, the condition according as below: | | | | | |
| | | Te | emperature | Time | | | |
| | | (1)+20°C | | ≤3 Minutes | | | |
| | Change of | (2)Rated low temper | ature (-40°C) (-25°C) | 30 ± 2 Minutes | | | |
| 4.13 | temperature | (3)Rated high temper | rature (+105°C) | 30 ± 2 Minutes | | | |
| | test | (1) to (3)=1 cycle, total 5 cycle | | | | | |
| | | <criteria></criteria> | | | | | |
| | | The characteristic shall m | | | | | |
| | | | Not more than the | | | | |
| | | tan δ | Not more than the | • | | | |
| | | Appearance | There shall be no l | eakage of electrolyte. | | | |
| | | <condition></condition> | | | | | |
| | | Humidity Test: | ANT. 4.10 4 . 1 | | 00 0 | | |
| | | _ | - | ncitor shall be exposed for 50° | | | |
| | | - | | $2^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$, the characteristic change | e sna | | |
| | | meet the following requir <criteria></criteria> | ement. | | | | |
| | Damp heat | Leakage current | Not more than the spe | ecified value | | | |
| 4.14 | test | Capacitance Change | Within $\pm 20\%$ of ini | | | | |
| | | tan 8 | | of the specified value. | | | |
| | | Appearance | There shall be no leal | - | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

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| 4.15 | Vent test | <criteria> The vent shall operate with no pieces of the capacitor and/or c</criteria> | th its polarible is applied rent (A) | ity reversed ed. | to a DC po | ower source | . Then a |
|------|---------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|
| | | Condition> The maximum permissible rip at 120Hz and can be applied Table-1 The combined value of D.C rated voltage and shall not reserved. Frequency Multipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap. (μ F) | at maximu | m operating I the peak A | g temperatu | re | ceed the |
| | Maximum permissible | ~180 | 0.40 | 0.75 | 0.90 | 1.00 | |
| 4.16 | (ripple | 220~560 | 0.40 | 0.75 | 0.90 | 1.00 | |
| | current) | 680~1800 | 0.60 | 0.87 | 0.95 | 1.00 | |
| | ĺ | 2200~3900 | 0.75 | 0.90 | 0.95 | 1.00 | |
| | | 4700 | 0.85 | 0.95 | 0.98 | 1.00 | |

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

| | Substances | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Cadmium and cadmium compounds | | | | | |
| Heavy metals | Lead and lead compounds | | | | | |
| Ticavy metais | Mercury and mercury compounds | | | | | |
| | Hexavalent chromium compounds | | | | | |
| | Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) | | | | | |
| Chloinated | Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN) | | | | | |
| organic | Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT) | | | | | |
| compounds | Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP) | | | | | |
| | Other chlorinated organic compounds | | | | | |
| D : 1 | Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) | | | | | |
| Brominated | Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including | | | | | |
| organic | decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE]) | | | | | |
| compounds | Other brominated organic compounds | | | | | |
| Tributyltin comp | ounds(TBT) | | | | | |
| Triphenyltin com | apounds(TPT) | | | | | |
| Asbestos | | | | | | |
| Specific azo com | pounds | | | | | |
| Formaldehyde | | | | | | |
| Beryllium oxide | | | | | | |
| Beryllium copp | er | | | | | |
| Specific phthalat | es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP) | | | | | |
| Hydrofluorocarb | on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC) | | | | | |
| Perfluorooctane : | sulfonates (PFOS) | | | | | |
| Specific Benzotr | iazole | | | | | |

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- 1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2) Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3) Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result.

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 ℃ for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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- 2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder
- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed $100\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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